Abstract Members

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Introduction

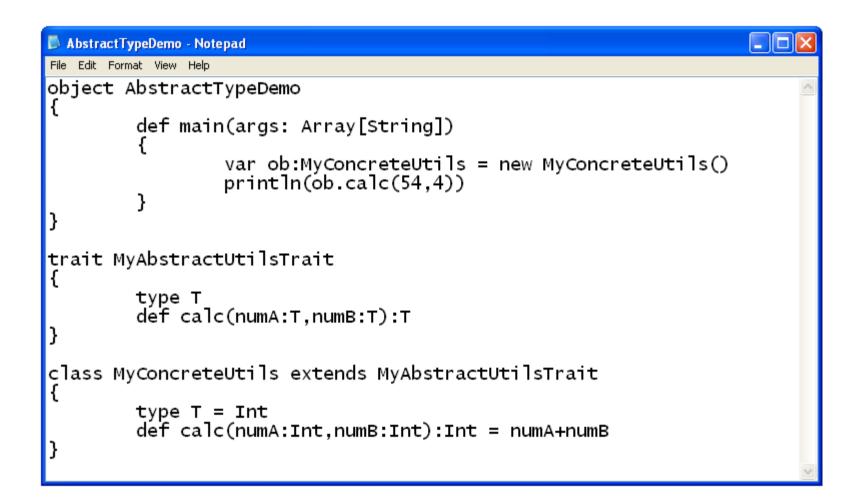
- When declaring a class or a trait we can declare an abstract member.
- An abstract member is a member that doesn't have a complete definition.
- Once a member was declared as abstract we should implement it within the subclass.
- Scala allows us to declare abstract methods, abstract fields (both vals and vars) and abstract types.

Abstract Types

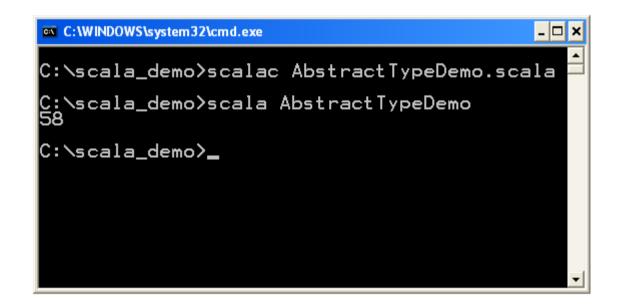
We define an abstract type using the type keyword.

```
trait MyAbstractUtilsTrait
{
   type T
   def calc(numA:T,numB:T):T
}
```

Abstract Types



Abstract Types



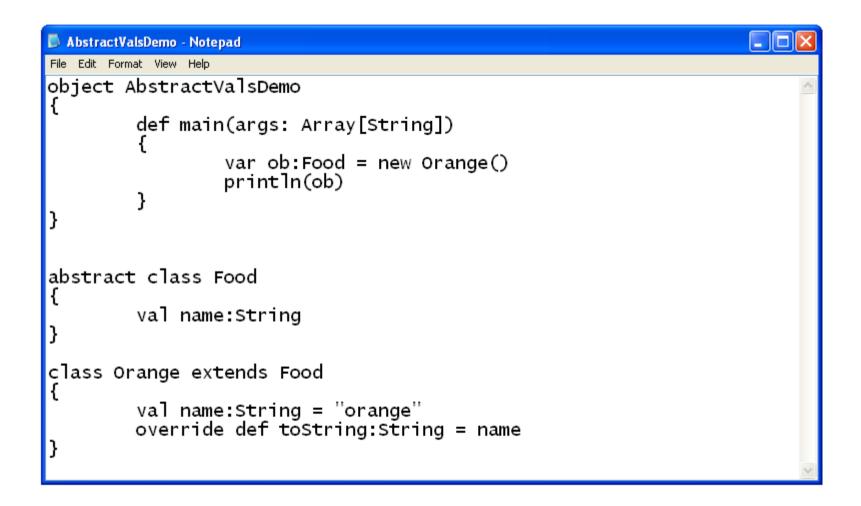
Abstract Vals

We define an abstract val when we define it without assigning a value.

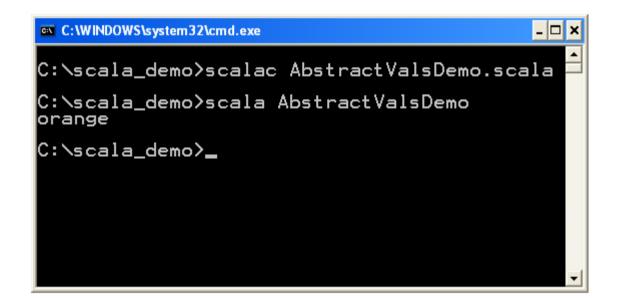
```
abstract Class Food
{
    val name:String
}
```

```
class Orange extends Food
{
    val name:String = "orange"
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```

Abstract Vals



Abstract Vals

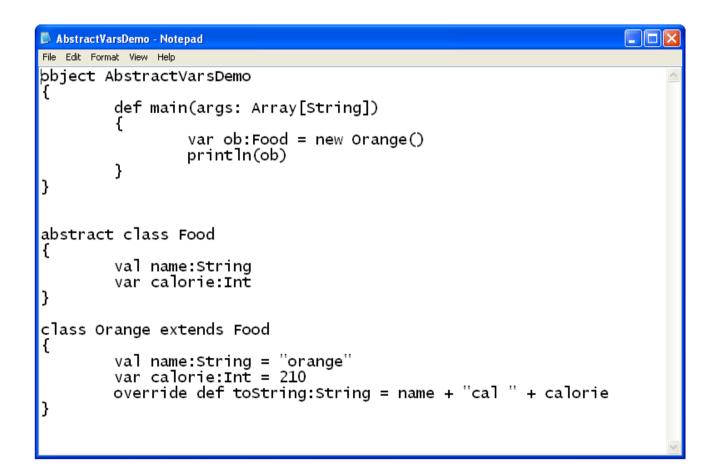


Abstract Vars

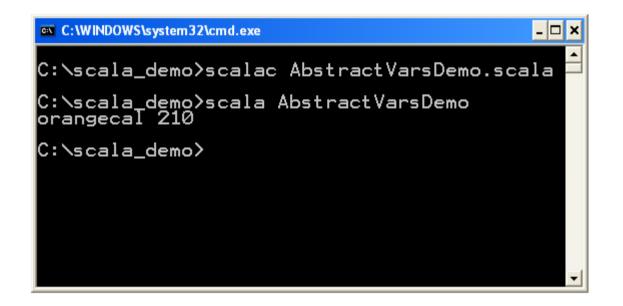
As with abstract val, an abstract var declares just a name and a type and it doesn't include an initial value.

```
abstract class Currency
{
    var amount: Long
}
```

Abstract Vars



Abstract Vars



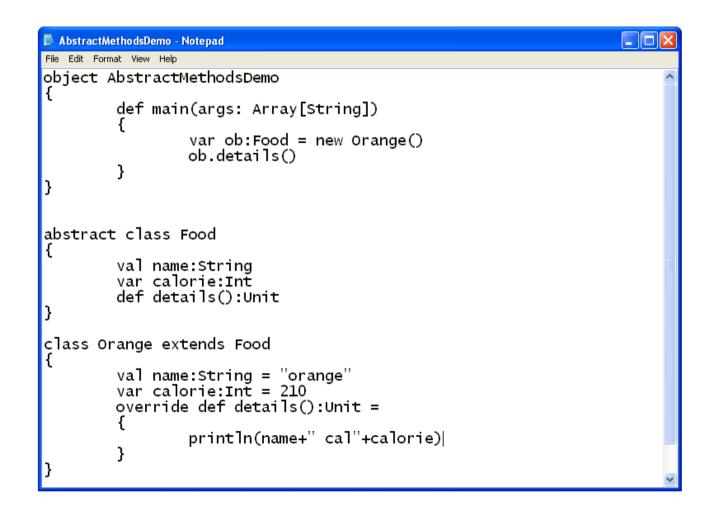
Abstract Method

Defining an abstract method means defining a method without a body.

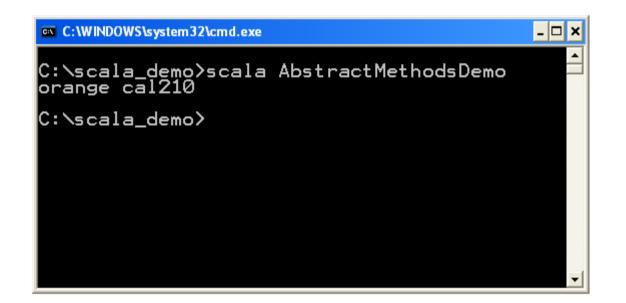
```
abstract class Currency
{
    val amount: Long
    def details: String
}
```

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Abstract Method

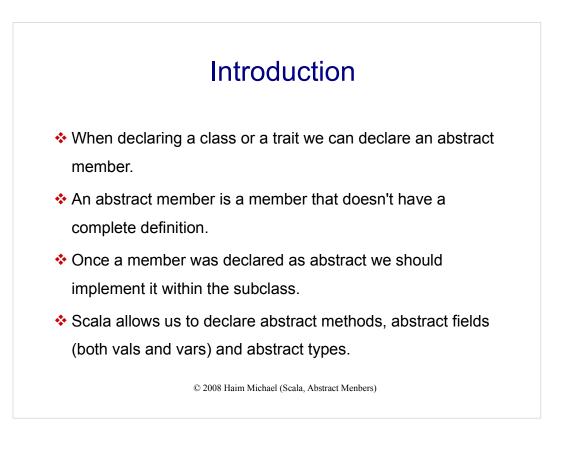


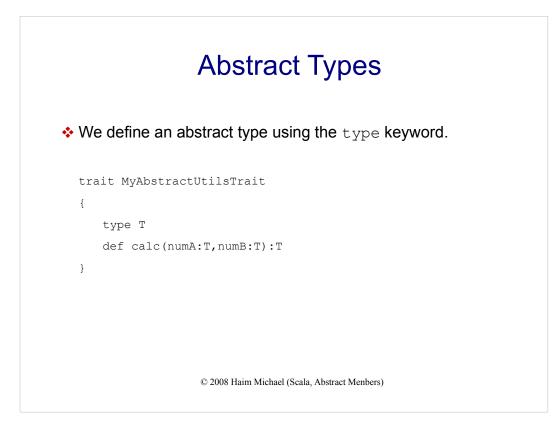
Abstract Method

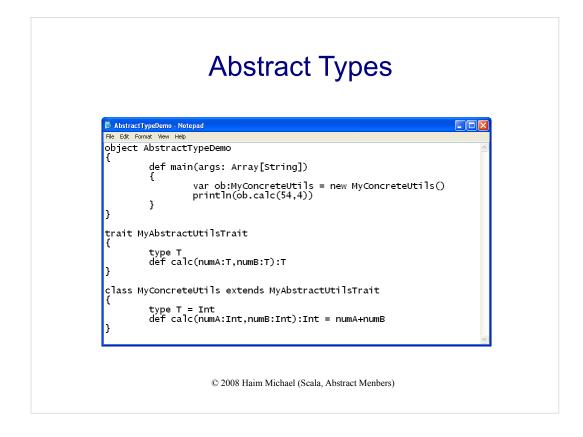


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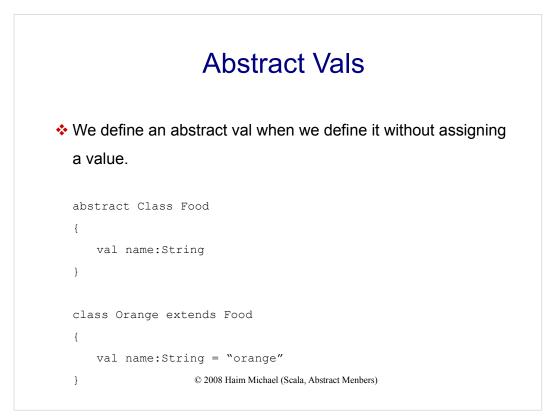


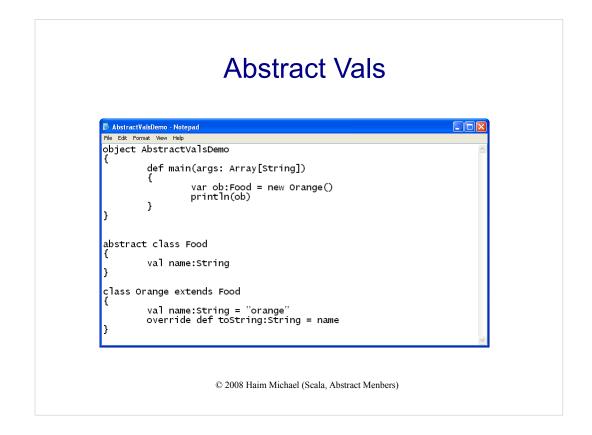




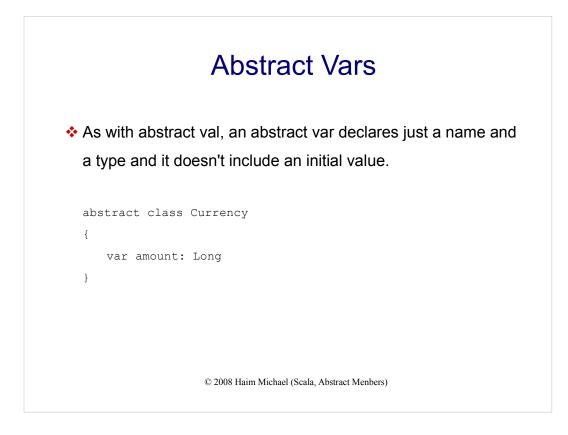


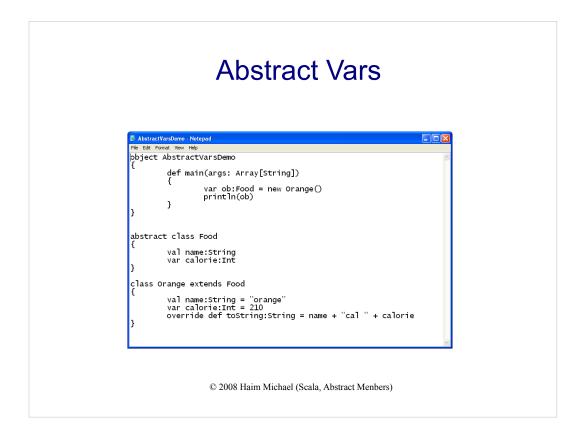














Abstract Method
Defining an abstract method means defining a method without a body.
abstract class Currency
{
val amount: Long
def details: String
}
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